

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Humanity Having a voice Diversity, Fairness, Individuality		Innovation Seizing the chance Truth, Change, Resilience Reception		The World Being the change Responsibility, Equality, Sustainability	
Text Types						
Ready for Year 1	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important Learn new vocabulary and use it through the day and use new vocabulary in different contexts Ask questions and find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives Describe events in some detail Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen Develop social phrases Engage in story times and with Non-fiction books Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words Listen carefully to rhymes and songs paying attention to how they sound					



Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient and form lower-case and capital letters correctly
Be working at, at least, Green level on RWI
Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop
Re-read what they have written and check that it makes sense



			Year 1	1		
		-	-	description, poetry, in cl ter, Instructions, Postc		
Text	Traditional Tales	The Invisible	After the Fall	Beegu	Jim and the	The Seesaw
Types	Little Red Riding	Tom Percival	Dan Santat	Alexis Deacon	Beanstalk	Tom Percival
	Hood	Thursdall a night	Rosie Revere		Day mand Duisad	10 Things I can do to
	The Gingerbread	T'was the night before Christmas	Engineer		Raymond Briggs	help my world
	Man	Clement Clark Moore	Andrea Beaty			
Writing	Writing to	Writing to inform	Writing to Entertain	Writing to Entertain	Writing to Entertain	Writing to Entertain
Focus	entertain	Postcard/letter	Narrative (retelling)	Descriptions,	Narrative, Thought	Writing in role, ,
	Description		Writing to Inform	commands, letters,	bubbles, informal	diary entries, letters
	Character in role	Writing to entertain	Instructions	poem, non-fiction	letters	of thanks
		Poetry		report		Own version
	Writing to					narrative
	Inform			NARRATIVE	SEQUEL	Writing to Inform
	Instructions				NARRATIVE	Instructions/letter to inform
Objectiv	Compose a sentenc	e orally before writing	Compose a sentence or	ally before writing it.	Compose a sentence or	rally before writing it.
es	it.		Re-read what has been	n written to check it	Re-read what has been written to check it	
progress	Re-read what has	been written to check	makes sense.		makes sense.	
ion	it makes sense.		Begin to use a capital	letter to start a	Sequence sentences to form a short	
	Combine words to		sentence.		narrative.	
	Use the pronoun I		Separate words using	a finger space.		



	Begin to use a capital letter to start a sentence. Separate words using a finger space. Begin to use full stop to end a sentence Autumn 2 Use Capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week.	Begin to use full sto Use Capital letters t places, days of the v Join two sentences Sequence sentences narrative.	for names of people, veek. using and	Begin to use a capital letter to start a sentence. Separate words using a finger space. Begin to use full stop to end a sentence Use Capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week. Join two sentences using and Join two sentences using but or because.	
Ready	READING		WRITING	<b>_</b>	
for Year	Speedily read all basic phonemes and grap	hemes	Spell words using th	e standard phonemes	
2	Read accurately by blending known phonen	nes and graphemes	Spell common excep	tion words	
	Read common exception words		Spell days of the week		
	Read common suffixes		Name the letters of the alphabet in order		
	Read multi-syllabic words containing know	phonemes and	Can understand the spelling rule for adding 's'		
	graphemes		Can use suffixes -ing, -ed, -er, -est Sit and hold writing implement correctly		
	Read contractions and understand use of a		-		
	Retell familiar stories and traditional tale	-	Form capital letters	correctly	
	Recognise and join in with predictable phr	ases	Form digits 0-9		
	Recite some poetry by heart		Compose a sentence orally before writing		
	Understand texts based on prior knowledge	ge or provided	Sequence sentences to form short narratives		
	information		Read writing aloud audibly and clearly		
	Correct inaccurate reading and check for		Leave spaces betwee		
	Discuss the significance on the basis of w		Join words and claus	ses using and	
	Discuss the significance of the title and e				
	Make inferences on the basis of what is so	aid and done			
	Make predictions based on reading so far				



Explain clearly understanding of what is read to them	



			Year 2	2		
		-	tertain – Stories, descri Inform – Recount, Repor			
Text Types	Traditional Tales Goldilocks and the one bear Leigh Hodgkison Mr Wolf and the Three Bears Jan Fearnley	The owl who was afraid of the dark Jill Tomlinson	June 29 1999 David Weisner	The Bear and The Piano David Litchfield	The Minpins Roald Dahl	The Dragon Machine Helen Ward
Writing Focus	Writing to Entertain (Retelling) Narrative Writing to inform Report	Writing to Entertain Description (Setting) Writing to Inform Diary Entry	Writing to Inform Recount Writing to Entertain Narrative	Writing to Entertain and Inform Letters, news- reports, writing in role, retellings, information poster NARRATIVE	Writing to Entertain Danger posters, setting descriptions, character descriptions, information reports, postcards Narrative	Writing to Entertain Dragon guide, letters, explanation, shopping list, description, letters in role Narrative
Objectiv es			Compose a sentence or Re-read what has beer makes sense.			



progress	Re-read what has been written to check it makes sense.	Sequence sentences to narrative.	o form a short	Sequence sentences to form a short narrative.	
	Sequence sentences to form a short narrative. Use capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week and pronoun I Demarcate most sentences with capital letters and full stops. Use expanded noun phrases.	narrative. Demarcate most sentences with capital letters and full stops. Use expanded noun phrases. Use capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week and pronoun I Use subordination and co-ordination Use present and past tense correctly		Demarcate most sentences with capital letters and full stops. Use expanded noun phrases. Use capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week and pronoun I Use subordination and co-ordination Use present and past tense correctly	
				Use commas in lists Use apostrophes for contractions	
Ready	READING		WRITING		
for Year	Read accurately most words of two or mor	re syllables	Can write simple, coherent narratives abour personal experiences		
3	Read most words containing common suffix	xes	and those of others		
	Read most common exception words		Write about real events, recording these simply and clearly		
	Read most words accurately without overt	sounding and blending	Demarcate most sent	ences in their writing with capital letters and	
	and sufficiently fluently allow them to foc	cus on their	full stops, using quest	ion marks correctly	
	understanding		Use present and past tense mostly correctly		
	Sound out most unfamiliar words accurate	ly without undue		subordination to join clauses	
	hesitation		Segment spoken works into phonemes and represent these by		
	Read a familiar book accurately and fluently, making sure it		graphemes, spelling many of these words correctly		
	makes sense and correcting any inaccuraci		Spell many common e>	•	
	Answer question and make some inference		Forma capital letters and digits to correct size and orientation		
	Explain what has happened so far in what	they have read	Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters		



				Year 3		
		-	g to Inform - Explanat	g/Character Description, Sto tion, Recount, Letter, Newspo Letter, Speech, Poster/Adv	aper Article	
Text Types	Into the Forest Anthony Browne Evidence of Dragons Pie Corbett	The boy who grew dragons Andy Shephard	The Wild Robot Peter Brown	Leon and the Place Between Angela McAllister	Cloud Tea Monkeys by Mal Peet and Elspeth Graham	The Iron Man Ted Hughes
Writing Focus	Writing to Entertain Description (setting) Writing to Entertain Poetry	Writing to Entertain Narrative Writing to Inform Recount	Writing to Entertain Narrative Writing to Inform Explanation ( Non Chron Report)	Writing to Entertain and persuade Persuasive poster, setting description, thought bubbles / diary entry, dialogue Own version fantasy narrative	Writing to Entertain and Inform Descriptive passages, writing in role, 'how to' guide (instructions), letter, discussion Non-chronological report	Writing to Inform Newspaper Writing to Entertain Character descriptions, , letters, menu (using descriptive devices), poetry narrative
•		Discuss models of wr grammatical feature			noting its grammatical	



	Suggest improvements to own writing and that of others. Compose sentences using a wider range of structures. Use a range of sentences with more than one clause. Proof-read to check for errors in spelling and punctuation Write a narrative with a clear structure, setting, character and plot.	Suggest improvements to own wr of others. Compose sentences using a wider structures. Use a range of sentences with mo clause. Proof-read to check for errors in punctuation Write a narrative with a clear str setting, character and plot. Can write non-narratives using sin such as headings and sub-heading Start to use paragraphs.	range of ore than one a spelling and ructure, mple devices	Suggest improvements to own writing and that of others. Compose sentences using a wider range of structures. Use a range of sentences with more than one clause. Proof-read to check for errors in spelling and punctuation Write a narrative with a clear structure, setting, character and plot. Can write non-narratives using simple devices such as headings and sub-headings Start to use paragraphs. Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech.
Ready for Year 4	<b>READING</b> Read aloud and understand words based on knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes   Read exception words, including those with unusual spelling/sound links   Retell some traditional stories   Identify books with the same themes or conventions   Read a play script or poem aloud using intonation, tone, volume and action   Read different forms of poetry   Use a dictionary		Place the pos Use the first Use the diag Adopt some Write senter Organise link Create settin Use simple of Suggest impr	common words from the Y3-4 list. sessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular t 2 or 3 letters of a word to check its spelling in a di onal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join le features of existing texts to shape own writing. nees with varied vocabulary and structures. ted ideas into a paragraph. ngs, characters and plot in narratives. rganisational devices in non-fiction. rovements to grammar and vocabulary. text for spelling and punctuation errors.



Check that a text makes sense including explaining the meaning of words in the text Identify the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph Draw inferences about a characters feelings and thoughts from their actions Use evidence from a text to justify inferences Find words and phrases in a text that might capture the reader's interest	Read my writing aloud using appropriate intonation, tone and volum Use conjunctions to extend sentences with more than one clause. Choose nouns and pronouns for clarity. Use some conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions in my writing. Understand the difference between plural and possessive '-s'. Use standard English verb inflections ("I did" instead of "I done") Use extended noun phrases. Punctuate direct speech.
Identify how language contributes to meaning	
Retrieve information from non-fiction texts	



				Year 4		
		Writing to I	inform - Explanation	ription, Character description , Recount, Diary, Leaflets, Ne 2 - Letter, Speech, Poster/Ad	wspaper Article	
Text Types	Eye of Wolf Daniel Penna	Varjak Paw S F Said	The Barnabus project The Fan brothers	Jonathan Swift's Gulliver by Martin Jenkins and Chris Riddell	The Baker by the Sea by Paula White	The Selfish Giant Oscar Wilde
Writing Focus	Writing to Entertain Poetry Writing to Entertain Narrative	Writing to Entertain Character description Writing to Inform Newspaper	Writing to Entertain Narrative Writing to Persuade Speech	Writing to Inform and Entertain Character description, informative posters, persuasive leaflets, log book entries (recount) Narrative based on own imagined land	Writing to Persuade Job applications, advertisements, setting descriptions, letter in role outcome: Tourist brochure	Writing to inform and entertain Letters, first person recount, diaries, letters, posters, reports Narrative about kindness
Objectives Orally rehearse a sentence or a progression sequence of sentences Use appropriate nouns and pronouns to support cohesion and avoid repetition		sentences Use appropriate no cohesion and avoid	y changing grammar and	Orally rehearse a sentence or a sequence of sentences Use appropriate nouns and pronouns to support cohesion and avoid repetition Improve writing by changing grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency		



	Improve writing by changing grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency Use noun phrases which will expand by adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases Use a range of sentences that have more than one clause Use fronted adverbials with a comma after them	Use noun phrases which will exp adjectives, nouns and prepositio Use a range of sentences that h one clause Use fronted adverbials with a co them Write in paragraphs Write a non-narrative using simp such as headings and sub-headin Use direct speech in writing and	on phrases have more than comma after nple devices ngs	Use noun phrases which will expand by adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases Use a range of sentences that have more than one clause Use fronted adverbials with a comma after them Write in paragraphs Write a non-narrative using simple devices such as headings and sub-headings Use direct speech in writing and punctuate correctly
	Write in paragraphs Write a non-narrative using simple devices such as headings and sub-headings Use direct speech in writing and punctuate correctly	correctly Write a narrative with clear str character and plot Indicating possession by using t apostrophe with singular and plu	the possessive	Write a narrative with clear structure, setting, character and plot Indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with singular and plural nouns Use present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past
Ready for	READING		WRITING	
Year 5	Use knowledge of morphology and etymology to read aloud and understand new words. Make comparisons within books and about a variety of books. Read modern fiction, fiction from literary heritage and books from other cultures/traditions Identify and discuss themes and conventions across a wide range of texts. Show understanding of texts, including exploring meaning of words in context.		Spell words which are often misspelt from the Y3-4 list. Use the possessive apostrophe accurately with regular and irregular p Use a dictionary to check a spelling. Use appropriate handwriting joins, including choosing unjoined letters. Use the structure, vocabulary and grammar in existing texts in own wi	



Ask questions to improve understanding of texts.	Make changes to grammar & vocabulary to improve consistency i.e. accura
Summarise ideas drawn from more than one paragraph,	Proofread own work for spelling and punctuation errors.
identifying key details.	Read my writing aloud, using intonation and controlling tone & volume to m
Predict future events from details stated and implied.	Use conjunctions to extend sentences with more than 1 clause (when, if, b
Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to	Choose nouns or pronouns for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition.
meaning.	Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time, cause and pla
Discuss how authors use language to affect the reader.	Use fronted adverbials.
Recommend books that I have read, giving reasons for my	Use plural and possessive '-s' correctly.
choices.	Recognise and use standard English verb inflections.
Participate in discussions about books.	Use extended noun phrases, including with prepositions.
Explain and discuss my understanding of texts.	Use and punctuate direct speech correctly (punctuation in and surroundin
Participate in formal presentations and debates about reading.	
Provide reasons for my views about a text.	



	Year 5							
		Writing to I	inform - Rec Writing to Pe	ount, Repo ersuade - L	, Character Description, rt, Instruction, Explana .etter, Advert, Speech	tion, Diary	try	
Text TypesTheSkellingThe boy whoWeddingDavid Almondwas filled wiGhostLeonIsabelle MarGarfieldIsabelle Mar		nose head vith stars	Argument , Newspaper / Robot Girl by Malorie Blackman	Article The Island Armin Grede	r	The Man Who walked Between the Towers Mordicai Gerstein		
Writing Focus	Writing to Entertain Narrative Writing to Inform Diary	Writing to Entertain Setting/Character Description Writing to Inform Non chrono report	Writing to Explanatior Writing to Advert	n text	Writing to Entertain Discussion, debate, dialogue, character comparisons, review Science-fiction narrative	Writing to pe Entertain Welcome guid description, le advice, analys comparison, d in role, imagin conversation Narrative sec different cha perspective	de, etter of is, iary entry ied uel from a	Writing to Inform and Entertain Fact file, journalistic writing, setting descriptions, letter of advice, persuasive speech Biography
Objectives progression			writing purpose o Use grammar and vocabulary to create an Use gram		purpose of Use gramm	he audience and the writing ar and vocabulary to npact on the reader		



Add well-chosen detail to interest the reader	Add well-chosen detail to interest the reader	Add well-chosen detail to
Establish a viewpoint as the writer through	Establish a viewpoint as the writer through	interest the reader
commenting on characters and events	commenting on characters and events	Establish a viewpoint as the
Start sentences in different ways	Start sentences in different ways	writer through commenting on
Organise writing into paragraphs to show	Organise writing into paragraphs to show	characters and events
different information of events	different information of events	Start sentences in different
Use adverbs or modal verbs to indicate degree	Use stylistic devices to create events in	ways
of possibility	writing	Organise writing into paragraphs
Use relative clauses	Use adverbs or modal verbs to indicate degree	to show different information of
Use brackets	of possibility	events
Use correct features and sentence types	Use relative clauses	Use stylistic devices to create
matched to the text type	Use brackets	events in writing
	Use correct features and sentence types	Use adverbs or modal verbs to
	matched to the text type	indicate degree of possibility
	Develop characters through action and	Use relative clauses
	dialogue	Use brackets
	Use stylistic devices to create events in	Use correct features and
	writing	sentence types matched to the
		text type
		Develop characters through
		action and dialogue
		Use stylistic devices to create
		events in writing
		Use commas to clarify meaning or
		avoid ambiguity

## English Long Term planning linked to School Drivers

Ready for	READING	WRITING
Year 6	Use knowledge of morphology and etymology to read aloud and understand new words. Make comparisons within books and about a variety of books. Read modern fiction, fiction from literary heritage and books from other cultures/traditions Identify and discuss themes and conventions across a wide range of texts. Show understanding of texts, including exploring meaning of words in context. Ask questions to improve understanding of texts. Summarise ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details. Predict future events from details stated and implied. Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Discuss how authors use language to affect the reader. Recommend books that I have read, giving reasons for my choices. Participate in discussions about books. Explain and discuss my understanding of texts. Participate in formal presentations and debates about reading. Provide reasons for my views about a text.	Spell common words with silent letters. Recognise and use spellings for homophones and other often-confused words. Use a dictionary to check spelling and meaning. Identify the audience and purpose before writing, and adapt my writing accordin Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary to change or enhance meaning. Develop setting, atmosphere and character. Summarise longer passages. Use the correct tense consistently throughout a piece of writing. Use correct subject and verb agreement. Use a thesaurus. Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. Use relative clauses. Use adverbials of time, place and number for cohesion. Recognise vocabulary and structures appropriate for informal and formal languag. Use passive verbs to affect the presentation of information. Recognise difference in informal and formal language. Use grammatical connections and adverbials for cohesion. Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity. Use brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis.



	Year 6						
	Writing to Entertain – Setting description, Character Description, Narrative, Poetry Writing to Inform – Recount, Report, Instruction, Explanation, Biography Writing to Persuade – Letter, Advert, Speech						
	Writing to Discuss - Balanced Argument, Newspaper Article						
Text Types	The sleeper and the spindle Neil Gaiman	The Girl of Ink and Stars Kiran Millwood Hargrave	Orphans of the tide Struan Murray	The Unforgotten Coat Frank Cottrell Boyce	Swallows and Amazons Arthur Ransome	The Lost Thing Shaun Tan	
Writing Focus	Writing to Entertain Narrative Writing to Persuade Letter	Writing to Entertain Character Development Writing to discuss Newspaper Article	Writing to Entertain Creating suspense Writing to Inform Diary	Writing to Entertain, persuade and inform Welcome guide, description, letter analysis, comparison, diary, imagined conversation Narrative sequel from a different character's	Writing to Entertain Writing to Inform - Writing to Persuade Writing to Discuss - All Genres required	Writing to Entertain Narrative Writing to Entertain Poetry	
es	progress Use grammar and vocabulary to create an		perspective Consider the audience and purpose of the writing Use grammar and vocabulary to create an impact on the reader		Consider the audience writing	and purpose of the	



	Add well-chosen detail to interest the reader Use stylistic devices to create effects in writing Establish a viewpoint as a reader through commenting on characters and events Start sentences in different ways Organise my writing into paragraphs to show different information or event - topic and summary sentences Use a hyphen to avoid ambiguity Use colon, semi-colon Use the correct features and sentence types matched to the text Develop characters through action and dialogue	Add well-chosen detail reader Use stylistic devices to writing Establish a viewpoint a commenting on charact sentences in different Organise my writing in different information summary sentences Use a hyphen to avoid Use colon, semi-colon Use the correct featur matched to the text Develop characters th dialogue Use the passive and ac Vary sentence structur formal or informal Use a dash	o create effects in as a reader through ters and events Start ways to paragraphs to show or event - topic and ambiguity res and sentence types rough action and	Use grammar and vocabulary to create an impact on the reader Add well-chosen detail to interest the reader Use stylistic devices to create effects in writing Establish a viewpoint as a reader through commenting on characters and events Start sentences in different ways Organise my writing into paragraphs to show different information or event - topic and summary sentences Use a hyphen to avoid ambiguity Use colon, semi-colon Use the correct features and sentence types matched to the text Develop characters through action and dialogue Use the passive and active voice Vary sentence structure depending whether formal or informal Use a dash
Ready for Year 7	READING   Read age-appropriate books with confidence and fluency   (including whole novels).   Read aloud with intonation that shows understanding.		Write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader (e.g. the use of the first person in a diary; direct address in writing).	



Work out the meaning of words from the context.	In narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere.
Explain understanding of what I've read, drawing inferences & justifying with evidence.	Integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action.
Justifying with evidence. Predict what might happen from details stated and implied. Retrieve information from non-fiction. Summarise main ideas, identifying key details and using quotations for illustration. Evaluate how authors use language, inc. figurative, considering the impact on the reader. Make comparisons within and across books.	Action. Select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, (e.g. using contracted forms in dialogues in narrative; using passive verbs to affect how information is presented; using modal verbs to suggest degrees of possibility) Use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) within and across paragraphs Use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing. Use the range of punctuation taught at KS2 mostly correctly (e.g. inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech) Spell correctly most words from the Y5/Y6 spelling list, and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious
	vocabulary Maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed.